

MOTION

AD HOC OLYMPICS

Los Angeles has a generational opportunity to play host to the 2028 Olympic and Paralympic Games (2028 Games) between July 14 and August 27, 2028. The Organizing Committee for the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (LA28) is delivering the 2028 Games in close coordination with the City.

An important element of planning for the 2028 Games is facilitating mobility across the region. Also, some events, like the Marathon, may take place on City streets. As a result, it is important that construction activities are not an impediment to the Games. The City should ensure that careful coordination of activities including street maintenance and improvements, sidewalk maintenance, tree planting, major construction works in the public right of way, and street closures respect the 2028 Games calendar and allow Olympic and Paralympic events to function optimally without conflict or interference.

The Planning Department, Department of Building and Safety, Bureau of Engineering, Office of Forest Management, and Bureau of Street Services play vital roles in improvement and maintenance of City streets and sidewalks, planning for our street tree canopy, and mitigation of the impacts that can result from major construction works in the public right of way. It is imperative that these City Departments be fully prepared to coordinate services as required to allow for a 2028 Games free of interference from such functions.

I THEREFORE MOVE that the Council direct the Planning Department, Department of Building and Safety, Bureau of Engineering and Bureau of Street Services to report on efforts made toward the development of a street and sidewalk improvement and maintenance plan, inclusive of plans to mitigate impacts from major construction projects, that will adequately support the City during the 2028 Games.

PRESENTED BY:



TRACI PARK
Councilwoman, 11th District



KATY YAROSLAVSKY
Councilmember, 5th District



PAUL KREKORIAN
Councilmember, 2nd District

SECONDED BY:



ORIGINAL

PK JUN 05 2024

MOTION

AD HOC OLYMPICS

The City of Los Angeles will host the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (2028 Games) between July 14 and August 27, 2028. The 2028 Games are being delivered by the Organizing Committee for the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (LA28) in close coordination with the City, and are a transformative opportunity to showcase Los Angeles on a world stage.


During the 2028 Games, City departments will be required to provide enhanced City resources, support, and coordination beyond their normal and customary services to ensure successful events throughout the City and region, such as sanitation services, transportation and mobility coordination, street improvements, public safety, and security. The 2028 Games are billed as a no additional cost event for the City, and City departments are expected to be reimbursed by LA28's budget for those enhanced City resources provided to the 2028 Games.


The Games Agreement between the City and LA28 provides processes for determining normal and customary City services and enhanced City resource levels for the 2028 Games. For example, the Bureau of Sanitation will establish its normal and customary trash pick-up services at an event site, and the enhanced City resource levels and services required by LA28 during a 2028 Games event.

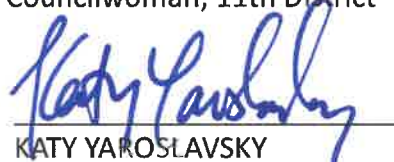
It is imperative that all City departments be fully prepared to coordinate and deliver enhanced City resources as required or requested by LA28 for the 2028 Games, and that the City tracks and receives appropriate reimbursements to ensure a no additional cost 2028 Games is accomplished.

I THEREFORE MOVE that the Council instruct the Chief Legislative Analyst and City Administrative Officer to provide a report regarding the Games Agreement processes for identifying reimbursable costs of City resources, services, and costs, including public safety and security, during the 2028 Games.

PRESENTED BY:


TRACI PARK
Councilwoman, 11th District


PAUL KREKORIAN
Councilmember, 2nd District


KATY YAROSLAVSKY
Councilmember, 5th District

SECONDED BY:



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The Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (2028 Games) are coming to Los Angeles between July 14 and August 27, 2028, putting the City in the spotlight across the globe. The 2028 Games are being delivered by the Organizing Committee for the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (LA28) in close coordination with the City.

Effective transportation systems will be an essential component of a successful Games. The 2028 Games were billed as a no-cost, no-car mega-event. The Department of Transportation (DOT) will be required to coordinate scheduling, maintenance, staffing, and other aspects of transit services such as bus and subway systems for these coordinated events. It is essential that DOT have a robust strategy in place that will meet the needs of the 2028 Games well in advance of the Opening Ceremony.

DOT has instituted traffic mitigation and control programs to manage the transportation impacts of major events such as the Super Bowl, the Los Angeles Marathon, and large-scale concerts. These traffic mitigation and control programs are anticipated to be necessary during the unprecedented scale of the 2028 Games.

The transportation and mobility planning for the 2028 Games is coordinated by the 2028 Games Mobility Executives planning group, which includes City, regional, and State transportation officials. This planning group is tasked with developing a Mobility and Transportation Plan that details the Games Route Network, State and Federal coordination, mobility hubs and depots, demand management, community engagement, communications planning, and other related matters.

It is imperative that the City be fully prepared to control and mitigate traffic concerns and achieve the goals of a no-cost and no-car 2028 Games.

I THEREFORE MOVE that the Council instruct the Department of Transportation, in coordination with the Games Mobility Executives planning group, report on efforts to develop a transportation plan, including traffic mitigation and control programs, as well as other coordination with the LAUSD, county, state and federal partners, that will adequately support the City during the 2028 Games.

PRESENTED BY:

Traci Park
TRACI PARK
Councilwoman, 11th District

Paul Krekorian
PAUL KREKORIAN
Councilmember, 2nd District

Katy Yaroslavsky
KATY YAROSLAVSKY
Councilmember, 5th District

SECONDED BY:

Heather Hull

ORIGINAL

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The City of Los Angeles will host the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (2028 Games) between July 14 and August 27, 2028. The 2028 Games are being delivered by the Organizing Committee for the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028 (LA28) in close coordination with the City, and are a transformative opportunity for the City to showcase Los Angeles on a world stage.

A core element of any successful Olympic and Paralympic Games is a robust volunteer program that supports the efforts of the organizing committee and the City. Volunteers provide customer service; press and communications support; health services; technology support; protocol and language services; transport support; operational support for the organizing committee, sports events, and opening and closing ceremonies; and countless other tasks. As London 2012 Organising Committee Chairman Lord Sebastian Coe put it, volunteers "are the lifeblood of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games."

Over 30,000 volunteers aided staff during the 1984 Olympic Games in Los Angeles. It is reported that the Olympic and Paralympic Games held in Beijing (2008) and London (2012), respectively, were each supported by over 70,000 volunteers. Paris' hosting duties in 2024 are expected to be assisted by 45,000 volunteers.


LA28 is tasked with the creation of a volunteer program for the 2028 Games. A successful volunteer program will require operational and logistical support from LA28, including resources, planning, and other services. It is imperative that LA28 develop a robust volunteer program that will provide the City with adequate support during the 2028 Games.

The City may also wish to supplement LA28's efforts with a volunteer program of our own. A City program could focus on non-Games event functions, like the cultural olympiad, that serve to enhance the overall Olympic and Paralympic experience in Los Angeles. Such a program will also require support similar to LA28's program.


I THEREFORE MOVE that the Council request LA28 to report on efforts to develop a volunteer program that will adequately support the City during the Olympic and Paralympic Games 2028, including necessary support services like recruitment, vetting, training and supervised deployment strategies; and

I FURTHER MOVE that the Council instruct the CLA and CAO, with assistance from the Personnel Department and other departments as appropriate, to report on existing City volunteer programs and resources necessary for expanding the existing programs or developing new programs to support the 2028 Games.

PRESENTED BY:


TRACI PARK
Councilwoman, 11th District


PAUL KREKORIAN
Councilmember, 2nd District


KATY YAROSLAVSKY
Councilmember, 5th District

SECONDED BY:



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Across the United States, taxpayers spend more than \$5 billion a year to buy guns and ammunition to equip law enforcement agencies. Unfortunately, some public agencies have made such purchases from firearms dealers that have a record of violating federal, state or local laws governing their business. Among other things, such violations include failing to complete background checks to verify that customers are not prohibited from buying firearms, failing to maintain customer records critical to law enforcement investigations, and failing to submit multiple sales reports, which are vital in preventing straw purchasing.

Compliance with the laws regulating firearms dealers is an essential element in reducing firearms trafficking and gun violence. The City of Los Angeles has enormous purchasing power because of the high volume of its procurements. In the case of firearms purchases, the City should make every effort to use that purchasing power to incentivize better business practices and compliance with the law on the part of firearms dealers. Conversely, the City should never use taxpayer dollars to purchase from firearms dealers who irresponsibly fail to conform to the law.

I THEREFORE MOVE that the City Attorney draft an ordinance, based on the ordinance recently passed by the City Council of San Diego (attached hereto as Exhibit A), to require (i) that firearms and ammunitions manufacturers and dealers with whom the City conducts business are complying with all applicable local, state, and federal laws and have no unresolved federal, state, or local violations from any type of inspection, and (ii) that all firearm and ammunition dealers have policies in place to meet the requirements as outlined in the Ordinance relating to firearms and ammunition before contracting with the City.

I FURTHER MOVE that the Chief Legislative Analyst, in consultation with the Los Angeles Police Department, the Chief Procurement Officer, and the Bureau of Contract Administration, report with recommendations for changes in policy and practice that would facilitate the objectives of this motion.

PRESENTED BY:

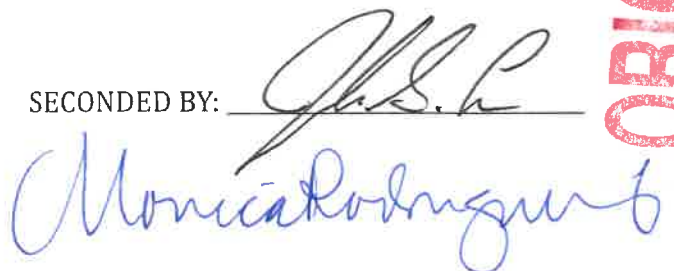


PAUL KREKORIAN

Councilmember, 2nd District

JUN 05 2024

SECONDED BY:



ORIGINAL



PK
Heather Hult

Exhibit A

ORDINANCE NUMBER O-_____ (NEW SERIES)

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE _____

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 3,
DIVISION 00 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY
ADDING SECTION 53.32, RELATING TO CONTRACTS
WITH VENDORS OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION.

WHEREAS, according to Brady, a gun violence prevention group, in 2020, California experienced: 1) 1,552 gun-caused suicides, 58 of which were of children and teens; and 2) 1,732 gun-caused homicides, 221 of which were of children and teens; and

WHEREAS, according to the Kaiser Family Foundation, the United States saw a 50 percent increase in the number of children killed by firearms in a homicide from 2019 to 2021 and a 21 percent increase in the number of child suicides involving firearms from 2019 to 2021; and

WHEREAS, according to reports by the Bureau of Alcohol, Firearms, Tobacco, and Explosives (ATF), over 45,000 guns were recovered by law enforcement in California in 2020 and more than 15,000 of those crime guns were purchased from California firearm dealers; and

WHEREAS, the City of San Diego (City) continues to suffer from gun violence in our communities; and

WHEREAS, the San Diego Police Department (SDPD) recovered 1,211 crime guns in 2022 and recovered 1,360 crime guns in 2021; and

WHEREAS, a small number of firearm dealers are responsible for a large percentage of sales of guns that are used in crimes. The ATF estimated that 1.2 percent of firearm dealers are responsible for over 57 percent of guns traced to crimes; and

WHEREAS, according to The Center for American Progress, between 2012 and 2019, 1,937 guns were reported stolen from federally licensed firearm dealers in California, the seventh highest rate of theft for any state during that period; and

WHEREAS, firearm and ammunition dealers and manufacturers can help law enforcement prevent gun crimes and gun violence by adhering to public safety principles regarding firearms and complying with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations; and

WHEREAS, many firearm dealers follow safe dealing practices and comply with applicable laws. A report from the ATF shows that 56 percent of its firearm compliance inspections throughout the United States during fiscal year 2020 resulted in "No Violations"; and

WHEREAS, research from Brady has shown that a small number of firearm dealers are disproportionately the source of trafficked firearms and firearms recovered in crimes. It has also shown that firearm dealers with disproportionate numbers of crime gun traces are more likely to be found in non-compliance with federal firearms laws, including those intended to reduce gun trafficking and crime and to assist law enforcement in solving gun violence crimes; and

WHEREAS, according to Brady's research, improved and responsible firearm procurement practices can save lives of law enforcement officers and citizens alike; and

WHEREAS, since January 2019, the City has spent approximately \$675,000 on the procurement of firearms and approximately \$3.4 million on ammunition to safely equip SDPD; and

WHEREAS, the City can use its purchasing power to influence firearm dealers who desire to do business with the City to abide by the laws and act responsibly, thus making our communities safer; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that firearm and ammunition vendors that do business with the City are intensely vetted to ensure they are law-abiding and that they employ best practices shown to reduce the likelihood that their guns will be trafficked into communities such as San Diego and recovered in crime; and

WHEREAS, the City must ensure that it purchases firearms and ammunition only from dealers or manufacturers that adhere to public safety principles regarding firearms; are in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations; and have valid federal, state and local firearms licenses, permits, and certifications required by their jurisdictions in order to deal in firearms, including any applicable State Board of Equalization seller's permit(s), and a Certificate of Eligibility under California Penal Code section 26710; and

WHEREAS, this ordinance will be referred to as the Ira Sharp Firearm Dealer Accountability Act; and

WHEREAS, the Office of the City Attorney has drafted this ordinance based on the information provided by City staff including information provided by affected third parties and verified by City staff, with the understanding that this information is complete, true, and accurate; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Council of the City of San Diego, as follows:

Section 1. That Chapter 5, Article 3, Division 00 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by adding section 53.32, to read as follows:

§ 53.32 Procurement of Firearms and Ammunition

- (a) Purpose and Intent. It is the purpose and intent of this section that the City of San Diego develop procurement practices for firearm and ammunition purchases to reduce gun violence and protect public health and safety.

(b) **Applicability.** This section applies to any contract solicited, entered into, awarded, amended, renewed, or extended, after the effective date of this section. *Contractors* shall comply with this section during the solicitation process and term of the contract.

(c) **Definitions –** For purposes of this section, defined terms appear in italics. The following definitions apply in this section.

Contractor has the same meaning as in San Diego Municipal Code section 22.0802.

Firearm trafficker is any person who violates, or is convicted of violating, 18 U.S.C. § 933.

Non-serialized firearm has the same meaning as in San Diego Municipal Code section 53.18(b).

Non serialized unfinished firearm frame has the same meaning as in San Diego Municipal Code section 53.18(b).

Non-serialized unfinished firearm receiver has the same meaning as in San Diego Municipal Code section 53.18(b).

Straw purchaser is any person who knowingly purchases or conspires to purchase firearms for purposes prohibited under 18 U.S.C. § 932(b).

(d) **General Requirements**

(1) At all times during the solicitation process and term of the contract, and any extensions thereto, *contractors* shall be in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws, and, if required by state or federal law, shall have a valid federal firearms license, a valid State Board of Equalization seller's permit, and a Certificate of

Eligibility under California Penal Code section 26710, as may be amended.

- (2) *Contractors* shall comply with all of the following requirements:
 - (A) provide proof of all required valid licenses, permits, and certificates;
 - (B) provide materials documenting the number of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives trace requests received by the *contractor* for each year within the past five years, and the time between the sale of the firearm subject to the trace request and the crime that generated the trace request when known;
 - (C) provide materials documenting any thefts from the *contractor's* premises of the two most recent inspection reports of any firearm inspection conducted by federal, state, or local agencies;
 - (D) provide a true copy of the two most recent inspection reports of any firearm inspection conducted by federal, state, or local agencies; and
 - (E) disclose any violations from any type of inspection conducted by federal, state, or local agencies within the last five years, and provide any materials documenting *contractor's* corrective actions in response to a finding of noncompliance or violation of federal, state, or local firearms laws or regulations.

- (3) *Contractors* must explain in writing any practices or policies it has adopted, or will adopt, including its implementation process to:
 - (A) prevent, detect, and screen for the transfer of firearms to *straw purchasers* or *firearm traffickers*;
 - (B) prevent sales to individuals prohibited by federal, state, or local law, or court order;
 - (C) protect against the theft of firearms and ammunition;
 - (D) train *contractor* employees to ensure compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations;
 - (E) assist law enforcement agencies in the investigation and prevention of criminal access to firearms; and
 - (F) operate a digital video surveillance system as prescribed in California Penal section 26806, as may be amended, or a similar system, if applicable state or local law requires such a system, for *contractors* outside of California.
- (4) *Contractors* that sell gun build kits, including the *non-serialized unfinished firearm frames* or *receivers* and *non-serialized firearms*, must show proof they are in compliance with San Diego Municipal Code section 53.18, and any federal, state, or local laws related to firearm precursor parts.
- (e) The Purchasing Agent shall develop a process to implement this section, including a process to assess a *contractor's* compliance with the requirements of this section.

(f) The City Manager may, in their discretion waive the requirements of this section under the following circumstances:

- (1) the federal, state, or local violation is minor, administrative, or similarly de minimis; or
- (2) to make an emergency purchase.

Section 2. That a full reading of this ordinance is dispensed with prior to passage, a written copy having been made available to the Council and the public prior to the day of its passage.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day from and after its final passage.

APPROVED: MARA W. ELLIOTT, City Attorney

By

Jill S. Cristich
Deputy City Attorney

JSC:hm:jdf
04/18/2024
Or.Dept: PSE
Doc. No. 3636830

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was passed by the Council of the City of San Diego, at this meeting of _____.

DIANA J.S. FUENTES
City Clerk

By _____
Deputy City Clerk

Approved: _____
(date)

TODD GLORIA, Mayor

Vetoed: _____
(date)

TODD GLORIA, Mayor